Section 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION PRODUCT NUMBER HMIS CODES Health Flammability 4
Reactivity 0 PK49SP PRODUCT NAME Spray Paint, Standard Gray MANUFACTURER'S NAME EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO. THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY (216) 566-2917 Diversified Brands Cleveland, OH 44115 INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO. (800) 832-2541 DATE OF PREPARATION 12-DEC-04 Section 2 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS % by WT CAS No. INGREDIENT UNITS VAPOR PRESSURE 15 74-98-6 Propane ACGIH TLV 2500 ppm OSHA PEL 1000 ppm 760 mm 3 108-88-3 Toluene ACGIH TLV 50 ppm (Skin) 22 mm
OSHA PEL 100 ppm (Skin)
OSHA PEL 150 ppm (Skin) STEL 0.4 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene ACGIH TLV 100 ppm
ACGIH TLV 125 ppm STEL
OSHA PEL 100 ppm
OSHA PEL 125 ppm STEL 7.1 mm 1330-20-7 Xylene 2. ACGIH TLV 100 ppm
ACGIH TLV 150 ppm STEL
OSHA PEL 100 ppm
OSHA PEL 150 ppm STEL 5.9 mm 67-63-0 2-Propanol 3 ACGIH TLV 400 ppm
ACGIH TLV 500 ppm STEL
OSHA PEL 400 ppm
OSHA PEL 500 ppm STEL 33 mm 71-36-3 1-Butanol 1 anol
ACGIH TLV 20 ppm (Skin)
OSHA PEL 50 ppm (Skin) CEILING 5.5 mm 67-64-1 Acetone 49 one
ACGIH TLV 500 ppm
ACGIH TLV 750 ppm STEL
OSHA PEL 1000 ppm 180 mm 5 78-93-3 Methyl Ethyl Ketone ACGIH TLV 200 ppm ACGIH TLV 300 ppm STEL OSHA PEL 200 ppm OSHA PEL 300 ppm STEL 70 mm

Continued on page 2

PK49SP page 2 \_\_\_\_\_\_ 763-69-9 Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate ACGIH TLV Not Available 1.11 mm OSHA PEL Not Available 5 123-86-4 n-Butyl Acetate ACGIH TLV 150 ppm
ACGIH TLV 200 ppm STEL
OSHA PEL 150 ppm
OSHA PEL 200 ppm STEL 10 mm 13463-67-7 Titanium Dioxide
ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 as Dust
OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Total Dust
OSHA PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction 2 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Section 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ROUTES OF EXPOSURE INHALATION of vapor or spray mist. EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist. EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE EYES: Irritation. SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation. INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system. May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists. Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure. MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE None generally recognized. CANCER INFORMATION For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11. \_\_\_\_\_\_ Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. EYES: Get medical attention. Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet. INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT LEL UEL Propellant < 0 F 1.0 12.8

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

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UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

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## Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

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# Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

Not Available

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate

readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

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# Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction)

(total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority. VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive. PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves. EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields. OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

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#### Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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6.48 lb/gal 776 g/l
PRODUCT WEIGHT
                            0.46 1D/gal 776 g/1

0.78

<0 - 342 F <-18 - 172 C

Not Available

95 %
SPECIFIC GRAVITY
BOILING POINT
MELTING POINT
VOLATILE VOLUME
EVAPORATION RATE VAPOR DENSITY
                            Faster than ether
Heavier than air
SOLUBILITY IN WATER
                                N.A.
                                7.0
рΗ
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)
   Volatile Weight 42.46 % Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents
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## Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY -- Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.
INCOMPATIBILITY
None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

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#### Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Methyl Ethyl Ketone may increase the nervous system effects of other

solvents.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, blood forming, cardiovascular and reproductive systems.

Rats exposed to titanium dioxide dust at 250 mg./m3 developed lung cancer, however, such exposure levels are not attainable in the workplace.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

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					1 3	_
CAS No.	Ingredient Na	===== ame				
74-98-6	Propane					
	-	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available	
108-88-3	Toluene	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	4000 ppm 5000 mg/kg	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available	
1330-20-7	Xylene	LD50	RAT		3500 mg/kg	
		LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	5000 ppm 4300 mg/kg	
67-63-0	2-Propanol	LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available	
71-36-3	1-Butanol	LD50	RAT	AIID	5045 mg/kg	
67-64-1	Acetone	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	8000 ppm 790 mg/kg	
07-04-1	Acecone	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available 5800 mg/kg	
78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl	Ketone			3 3	
		LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available 2740 mg/kg	
763-69-9	Ethyl 3-Etho	xypropi LC50 LD50	onate RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available	
123-86-4	n-Butyl Aceta		LAI		5000 mg/kg	
	-	LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	2000 ppm 13100 mg/kg	
13463-67-7	Titanium Dio	xide LC50 LD50	RAT RAT	4HR	Not Available Not Available	
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Section 12 -- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

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# Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA

hazardous waste numbers.

Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

PK49SP page 7 \_\_\_\_\_\_ Section 14 -- TRANSPORT INFORMATION No data available. \_\_\_\_\_ Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION CAS No. CHEMICAL/COMPOUND % by WT % Element 108-88-3 Toluene 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 0.4 1330-20-7 Xylene 71-36-3 1-Butanol 78-93-3 Methyl Ethyl Ketone

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CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

# Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

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The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.